HISTORY OF SIKHISM PUNJAB

HISTORY OF SIKHISM PUNJAB IS A PROFOUND NARRATIVE THAT INTERTWINES SPIRITUAL EVOLUTION, CULTURAL IDENTITY, AND REGIONAL HISTORY. SIKHISM, ORIGINATING IN THE PUNJAB REGION OF SOUTH ASIA DURING THE LATE 15TH CENTURY, EMERGED AS A DISTINCT RELIGIOUS TRADITION FOUNDED BY GURU NANAK DEV JI. THE HISTORY OF SIKHISM PUNJAB REFLECTS THE DYNAMIC INTERACTIONS BETWEEN RELIGION, SOCIETY, AND POLITICS OVER SEVERAL CENTURIES. THIS ARTICLE EXPLORES THE INCEPTION, DEVELOPMENT, AND ENDURING LEGACY OF SIKHISM WITHIN PUNJAB, HIGHLIGHTING KEY HISTORICAL MILESTONES, THE CONTRIBUTIONS OF ITS TEN GURUS, AND THE IMPACT OF SIKHISM ON THE REGION'S CULTURAL FABRIC. UNDERSTANDING THIS HISTORY PROVIDES VALUABLE INSIGHT INTO SIKHISM'S PRINCIPLES, ITS ROLE IN PUNJAB'S IDENTITY, AND ITS INFLUENCE BEYOND. THE FOLLOWING SECTIONS WILL DELVE INTO THE ORIGINS, THE GURUS' TEACHINGS, THE CHALLENGES FACED DURING MUGHAL RULE, AND THE MODERN IMPLICATIONS OF SIKHISM IN PUNJAB.

- ORIGINS OF SIKHISM IN PUNJAB
- THE TEN SIKH GURUS AND THEIR CONTRIBUTIONS
- SIKHISM UNDER MUGHAL RULE
- THE SIKH EMPIRE AND POLITICAL INFLUENCE
- Modern Sikhism in Punjab

ORIGINS OF SIKHISM IN PUNJAB

The foundation of Sikhism was laid in the Punjab region, a fertile and culturally rich area that today spans parts of India and Pakistan. The faith was established by Guru Nanak Dev Ji in the late 15th century, a time marked by social upheaval and religious intolerance. Sikhism arose as a reformist movement that rejected ritualism and caste discrimination prevalent in contemporary religious practices.

GURU NANAK DEV JI'S EARLY LIFE AND TEACHINGS

GURU NANAK WAS BORN IN 1469 IN NANKANA SAHIB, PUNJAB. HIS TEACHINGS EMPHASIZED THE ONENESS OF GOD, EQUALITY OF ALL HUMANS, AND THE IMPORTANCE OF HONEST LIVING AND SELFLESS SERVICE. THESE CORE PRINCIPLES CHALLENGED EXISTING ORTHODOXIES AND ATTRACTED A GROWING FOLLOWING IN PUNJAB AND BEYOND.

CULTURAL AND RELIGIOUS CONTEXT OF PUNJAB

Punjab during the 15th and 16th centuries was a melting pot of Hindu and Islamic traditions. This cultural diversity influenced Sikhism's development, which sought to transcend sectarian divides. The faith's emphasis on devotion to one God and rejection of caste distinctions was revolutionary for the region.

THE TEN SIKH GURUS AND THEIR CONTRIBUTIONS

THE EVOLUTION OF SIKHISM WAS SHAPED PROFOUNDLY BY THE TEN GURUS WHO SUCCEEDED GURU NANAK. EACH GURU CONTRIBUTED UNIQUELY TO THE SPIRITUAL, SOCIAL, AND POLITICAL DIMENSIONS OF THE FAITH, CONSOLIDATING ITS IDENTITY WITHIN PUNJAB AND BEYOND.

GURU ANGAD TO GURU ARJAN: ESTABLISHING SIKH INSTITUTIONS

GURU ANGAD, THE SECOND GURU, INTRODUCED THE GURMUKHI SCRIPT, WHICH STANDARDIZED SIKH SCRIPTURE. SUCCESSIVE GURUS DEVELOPED SIKH PRACTICES AND COMMUNITY INSTITUTIONS. NOTABLY, GURU ARJAN COMPILED THE ADI GRANTH, THE CENTRAL SCRIPTURE, AND CONSTRUCTED THE HARMANDIR SAHIB (GOLDEN TEMPLE), SYMBOLIZING SIKH UNITY AND INCLUSIVITY.

GURU HARGOBIND TO GURU GOBIND SINGH: MILITARIZATION AND THE KHALSA

WITH INCREASING PERSECUTION UNDER MUGHAL RULERS, GURU HARGOBIND INTRODUCED THE CONCEPT OF MIRI AND PIRI, COMBINING TEMPORAL AND SPIRITUAL AUTHORITY. GURU GOBIND SINGH, THE TENTH GURU, FOUNDED THE KHALSA IN 1699, A COLLECTIVE BODY OF INITIATED SIKHS COMMITTED TO DEFENDING JUSTICE AND UPHOLDING SIKH VALUES.

LIST OF THE TEN SIKH GURUS

- GURU NANAK DEV JI (1469-1539)
- GURU ANGAD DEV JI (1504-1552)
- GURU AMAR DAS JI (1479-1574)
- GURU RAM DAS JI (1534-1581)
- GURU ARJAN DEV JI (1563-1606)
- GURU HARGOBIND JI (1595-1644)
- GURU HAR RAIJI (1630-1661)
- GURU HAR KRISHAN JI (1656-1664)
- GURU TEGH BAHADUR JI (1621-1675)
- GURU GOBIND SINGH JI (1666-1708)

SIKHISM UNDER MUGHAL RULE

THE HISTORY OF SIKHISM PUNJAB WAS DEEPLY AFFECTED BY THE POLICIES OF MUGHAL RULERS WHO OFTEN PERCEIVED THE GROWING SIKH COMMUNITY AS A POLITICAL THREAT. THIS PERIOD WAS MARKED BY INTENSE PERSECUTION BUT ALSO THE STRENGTHENING OF SIKH IDENTITY AND RESILIENCE.

PERSECUTION AND MARTYRDOM

SEVERAL SIKH GURUS AND FOLLOWERS FACED MARTYRDOM DURING MUGHAL RULE. GURU ARJAN DEV JI WAS EXECUTED IN 1606, AND GURU TEGH BAHADUR JI WAS MARTYRED IN 1675 FOR DEFENDING RELIGIOUS FREEDOM. THESE SACRIFICES GALVANIZED THE SIKH COMMUNITY AND INTENSIFIED THEIR COMMITMENT TO JUSTICE AND SELF-DEFENSE.

FORMATION OF THE KHALSA

IN RESPONSE TO PERSECUTION, GURU GOBIND SINGH ESTABLISHED THE KHALSA, A MILITARIZED SIKH ORDER. THE KHALSA PLAYED

A CRUCIAL ROLE IN DEFENDING SIKHISM AND PUNJAB FROM OPPRESSION, INSTITUTING DISTINCT SYMBOLS SUCH AS THE FIVE KS THAT CONTINUE TO DEFINE SIKH IDENTITY TODAY.

THE SIKH EMPIRE AND POLITICAL INFLUENCE

FOLLOWING THE DECLINE OF MUGHAL POWER, SIKH LEADERS IN PUNJAB CONSOLIDATED THEIR AUTHORITY, LEADING TO THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SIKH EMPIRE. THIS ERA MARKED A SIGNIFICANT CHAPTER IN THE HISTORY OF SIKHISM PUNJAB, SHOWCASING SIKH POLITICAL AND MILITARY STRENGTH.

RISE OF MAHARAJA RANJIT SINGH

MAHARAJA RANJIT SINGH, KNOWN AS THE "LION OF PUNJAB," UNIFIED VARIOUS SIKH FACTIONS AND EXPANDED HIS KINGDOM THROUGHOUT THE EARLY 19TH CENTURY. HIS REIGN BROUGHT STABILITY, PROSPERITY, AND RELIGIOUS TOLERANCE TO PUNJAB, MAKING THE SIKH EMPIRE A FORMIDABLE REGIONAL POWER.

GOVERNANCE AND CULTURAL FLOURISHING

THE SIKH EMPIRE FOSTERED CULTURAL, ARCHITECTURAL, AND RELIGIOUS ADVANCEMENTS. THE GOLDEN TEMPLE WAS RENOVATED AND ADORNED, AND SIKHISM'S PRINCIPLES INFLUENCED GOVERNANCE, EMPHASIZING JUSTICE AND WELFARE FOR ALL COMMUNITIES WITHIN PUNJAB.

KEY FEATURES OF THE SIKH EMPIRE

- Unified Sikh military and administration
- PROMOTION OF RELIGIOUS TOLERANCE
- EXPANSION OF PUNJAB'S TERRITORY
- PATRONAGE OF ARTS AND ARCHITECTURE
- STRENGTHENING OF SIKH RELIGIOUS INSTITUTIONS

MODERN SIKHISM IN PUNJAB

THE HISTORY OF SIKHISM PUNJAB CONTINUES TO EVOLVE IN THE MODERN ERA, SHAPED BY COLONIALISM, INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENTS, AND CONTEMPORARY SOCIAL DYNAMICS. SIKHISM REMAINS A VITAL FORCE IN PUNJAB'S CULTURAL AND RELIGIOUS LANDSCAPE.

IMPACT OF BRITISH COLONIAL RULE

THE BRITISH ANNEXATION OF PUNJAB IN 1849 ENDED THE SIKH EMPIRE BUT ALSO INTRODUCED NEW CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES. SIKH LEADERS PLAYED PIVOTAL ROLES IN INDIA'S INDEPENDENCE MOVEMENT, ADVOCATING FOR SOCIAL REFORMS AND RELIGIOUS RIGHTS.

POST-INDEPENDENCE DEVELOPMENTS

Since India's independence in 1947, Sikhism has maintained a prominent presence in Punjab. The establishment of Punjab as a Sikh-majority state, the rise of Sikh political parties, and the global Sikh diaspora have shaped modern Sikh identity.

CONTEMPORARY SIKH CULTURE IN PUNJAB

TODAY, PUNJABI SIKHISM BLENDS TRADITIONAL RELIGIOUS PRACTICES WITH MODERN VALUES. FESTIVALS LIKE VAISAKHI, PILGRIMAGES TO THE GOLDEN TEMPLE, AND THE PRESERVATION OF SIKH HERITAGE CONTINUE TO DEFINE THE REGION'S SPIRITUAL LIFE.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS THE ORIGIN OF SIKHISM IN PUNJAB?

SIKHISM ORIGINATED IN THE LATE 15TH CENTURY IN PUNJAB WITH GURU NANAK DEV JI, WHO FOUNDED THE RELIGION EMPHASIZING DEVOTION TO ONE GOD, EQUALITY, AND SOCIAL JUSTICE.

WHO WAS THE FOUNDER OF SIKHISM AND WHEN DID HE LIVE?

GURU NANAK DEV JI, THE FOUNDER OF SIKHISM, WAS BORN IN 1469 IN PUNJAB AND LIVED UNTIL 1539.

HOW DID SIKHISM EVOLVE DURING THE TIMES OF THE TEN SIKH GURUS?

SIKHISM EVOLVED THROUGH THE TEACHINGS AND LEADERSHIP OF THE TEN SIKH GURUS, WHO ESTABLISHED CORE PRINCIPLES, SCRIPTURES (GURU GRANTH SAHIB), AND COMMUNITY INSTITUTIONS LIKE THE KHALSA.

WHAT ROLE DID PUNJAB PLAY IN THE SPREAD OF SIKHISM?

Punjab was the birthplace of Sikhism and its primary center; the region's social and political environment helped Sikhism grow and spread across Northern India and beyond.

WHAT WAS THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE KHALSA IN SIKH HISTORY IN PUNJAB?

THE KHALSA, ESTABLISHED BY GURU GOBIND SINGH IN 1699 IN PUNJAB, WAS A COLLECTIVE BODY OF INITIATED SIKHS COMMITTED TO UPHOLDING SIKH VALUES, DEFENDING RELIGIOUS FREEDOM, AND FOSTERING COMMUNITY SOLIDARITY.

HOW DID SIKHISM INFLUENCE THE CULTURAL IDENTITY OF PUNJAB?

SIKHISM DEEPLY INFLUENCED PUNJAB'S CULTURAL IDENTITY BY PROMOTING VALUES OF EQUALITY, SERVICE, AND RESILIENCE, WHICH ARE REFLECTED IN PUNJABI MUSIC, FESTIVALS, LANGUAGE, AND SOCIAL CUSTOMS.

WHAT WAS THE IMPACT OF BRITISH COLONIAL RULE ON SIKHISM IN PUNJAB?

BRITISH COLONIAL RULE AFFECTED SIKHISM BY INTRODUCING NEW POLITICAL DYNAMICS, LEADING TO REFORM MOVEMENTS LIKE THE SINGH SABHA, AND EVENTUALLY PLAYING A ROLE IN SIKH INVOLVEMENT IN INDIA'S INDEPENDENCE STRUGGLE.

HOW DID THE PARTITION OF INDIA IN 1947 AFFECT THE SIKH COMMUNITY IN PUNJAB?

THE PARTITION CAUSED MASSIVE DISPLACEMENT, VIOLENCE, AND SUFFERING FOR SIKHS IN PUNJAB, AS MANY MIGRATED FROM

WHAT ARE SOME IMPORTANT SIKH HISTORICAL SITES IN PUNJAB?

KEY SIKH HISTORICAL SITES IN PUNJAB INCLUDE THE GOLDEN TEMPLE IN AMRITSAR, ANANDPUR SAHIB, AND GOINDWAL SAHIB, ALL OF WHICH ARE SIGNIFICANT FOR THEIR RELIGIOUS AND HISTORICAL IMPORTANCE.

HOW DOES THE HISTORY OF SIKHISM IN PUNJAB CONTINUE TO INFLUENCE MODERN SIKH PRACTICES?

THE HISTORY OF SIKHISM IN PUNJAB SHAPES MODERN SIKH PRACTICES THROUGH CONTINUED REVERENCE FOR THE GURUS' TEACHINGS, THE CENTRAL ROLE OF THE GURU GRANTH SAHIB, COMMUNITY SERVICE (SEVA), AND THE CELEBRATION OF HISTORICAL EVENTS AND FESTIVALS.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

1. THE HISTORY OF SIKHISM: FROM ITS ORIGINS TO THE MODERN ERA

This comprehensive book traces the development of Sikhism from its founding by Guru Nanak in the 15th century to contemporary times. It explores the religious, social, and political aspects that shaped the faith and the Punjab region. The book also delves into the impact of Sikhism on Punjab's culture and history over the centuries.

2. SIKHISM AND THE PUNJAB: THE MAKING OF A RELIGIOUS IDENTITY

FOCUSING ON THE INTERPLAY BETWEEN SIKHISM AND THE PUNJAB REGION, THIS BOOK EXAMINES HOW THE SIKH FAITH INFLUENCED THE SOCIAL FABRIC AND POLITICAL LANDSCAPE OF PUNJAB. IT HIGHLIGHTS KEY HISTORICAL EVENTS, INCLUDING THE RISE OF THE SIKH EMPIRE AND THE STRUGGLES DURING BRITISH COLONIALISM. THE NARRATIVE PROVIDES INSIGHTS INTO HOW SIKH IDENTITY EVOLVED ALONGSIDE PUNJAB'S HISTORY.

3. THE PUNJAB: A HISTORY FROM AURANGZEB TO MOUNTBATTEN

COVERING A BROAD HISTORICAL PERIOD, THIS BOOK OFFERS AN IN-DEPTH LOOK AT PUNJAB'S HISTORY WITH SPECIAL EMPHASIS ON SIKHISM'S ROLE IN THE REGION. IT DISCUSSES THE MUGHAL ERA, THE SIKH MISLS, AND THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SIKH EMPIRE UNDER MAHARAJA RANJIT SINGH. THE BOOK ALSO ADDRESSES THE CHALLENGES FACED BY SIKHS DURING BRITISH RULE AND THE PARTITION OF INDIA.

4. THE SIKH GURUS AND THE MAKING OF PUNJAB

This title focuses on the lives and teachings of the ten Sikh Gurus and their contribution to shaping Punjab's religious and cultural identity. It provides biographical sketches of each Guru and explains their role in developing Sikh doctrines. The book also contextualizes the Gurus' influence within the broader history of Punjab.

5. Warrior Saints: The Sikh Military Tradition in Punjab

EXPLORING THE MARTIAL TRADITION OF SIKHISM, THIS BOOK DETAILS THE HISTORICAL CONTEXT BEHIND THE SIKH COMMUNITY'S MILITARIZATION IN PUNJAB. IT COVERS SIGNIFICANT BATTLES, THE FORMATION OF THE KHALSA, AND THE SIKH EMPIRE'S MILITARY CAMPAIGNS. THE BOOK EMPHASIZES HOW THE WARRIOR ETHOS BECAME A DEFINING FEATURE OF SIKH IDENTITY IN PUNJAB.

6. THE PARTITION OF PUNJAB: SIKH PERSPECTIVES AND HISTORICAL NARRATIVES

This book addresses the traumatic events of the 1947 Partition of India, focusing on Punjab and the Sikh community's experiences. It collects personal stories, historical accounts, and analyses of the political factors that led to the division of Punjab. The narrative sheds light on the long-lasting impact of partition on Sikh society.

7. SIKHISM, POLITICS, AND PUNJAB: THE ROAD TO KHALISTAN

Examining the political history of Punjab in the late 20th century, this book discusses the rise of Sikh militancy and the demand for Khalistan. It explores the socio-political causes behind the movement and its consequences for Punjab and India. The book provides a balanced view of this complex and sensitive chapter in Sikh and Punjab history.

8. CULTURAL HERITAGE OF SIKHISM AND PUNIAB

This book highlights the rich cultural traditions of Punjab shaped by Sikhism, including art, music, festivals, and literature. It showcases how Sikh religious beliefs are intertwined with Punjab's cultural expressions. The volume also explores the preservation of Sikh heritage throughout history.

9. THE SIKH DIASPORA AND THE HISTORY OF PUNJAB

FOCUSING ON THE GLOBAL SPREAD OF SIKH COMMUNITIES, THIS BOOK TRACES THE HISTORICAL MIGRATION PATTERNS FROM PUNJAB AND THEIR EFFECTS ON SIKH IDENTITY WORLDWIDE. IT EXAMINES HOW THE DIASPORA MAINTAINS CONNECTIONS TO PUNJAB'S HISTORY AND CULTURE. THE BOOK ALSO DISCUSSES THE ROLE OF DIASPORA SIKHS IN PROMOTING PUNJAB'S HISTORY INTERNATIONALLY.

History Of Sikhism Punjab

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history of sikhism punjab: The Sikhs W. H. McLeod, 1989 The Sikhs, a colorful and controversial people about whom little is generally known, have been the subject of much hypothetical speculation. Their non-conformist behavior, except to their own traditions, and their fierce independence, even to demanding autonomy, have recently attracted world-wide attention. Hew McLeod, internationally known scholar of Sikh studies, provides a just and accurate description in his introduction to this religious community from northern India now numbering about sixteen million people, exploring their history, doctrine, and literature. The Sikhs begins by giving an overview of the people's history, then covers the origins of the Sikh tradition, dwelling on controversies surrounding the life and doctrine of the first Master, Guru Nanak (1469-1539). The book surveys the subsequent life of the community with emphasis on the founding of the Khalsa, the order that gives to Sikhs the insignia by which they are best known. The remaining sections concern Sikh doctrine, the problem of who should be regarded as a Sikh, and a survey of Sikh literature.

Finally, the book considers the present life of the community--its dispersion around the world to Asia, Australasia, North America, Africa, and Europe, and its involvement in the current trials of the Punjab. Sikh culture is believed to have been settled and unchanging from the time of the Gurus onwards. The Sikhs, a major new work by a leading authority, reveals that this is a very misleading view. McLeod treats a variety of questions sympathetically and in so doing he establishes a new understanding for students of religion and for all those interested in current events in India.

history of sikhism punjab: Historical Dictionary of Sikhism Louis E. Fenech, W. H. McLeod, 2014-06-11 Sikhism traces its beginnings to Guru Nanak, who was born in 1469 and died in 1538 or 1539. With the life of Guru Nanak the account of the Sikh faith begins, all Sikhs acknowledging him as their founder. Sikhism has long been a little-understood religion and until recently they resided almost exclusively in northwest India. Today the total number of Sikhs is approximately twenty million worldwide. About a million live outside India, constituting a significant minority in the United Kingdom, Canada, and the United States. Many of them are highly visible, particularly the men, who wear beards and turbans, and they naturally attract attention in their new countries of domicile. This third edition of Historical Dictionary of Sikhism covers its history through a chronology, an introductory essay, and an extensive bibliography. The dictionary section has over 1000 cross-referenced entries on key persons, organizations, the principles, precepts and practices of the religion as well as the history, culture and social arrangements. This book is an excellent access point for students, researchers, and anyone wanting to know more about Sikhism.

history of sikhism punjab: A History of the Sikhs: 1469-1838 Khushwant Singh, 2004 Based on scholarly archival research, this work covers the genesis and development of Sikhism and the Sikh community, up to the time of Maharaja Ranjit Singh.

history of sikhism punjab: The A to Z of Sikhism W. H. McLeod, 2009-07-24 Contrary to popular opinion, there is more to Sikhism than the distinctive dress. First of all, there is the emergence of Guru Nanak, the founder of Sikhism, and the long line of his successors. There are the precepts, many related to liberation through the divine name or nam. There is a particularly turbulent history in which the Sikhs have fought to affirm their beliefs and resist external domination that continues to this day. There is also, more recently, the dispersion from the Punjab throughout the rest of India and on to Europe and the Americas. With this emigration Sikhism has become considerably less exotic, but hardly better known to outsiders. This reference is an excellent place to learn more about the religion. It provides a chronology of events, a brief introduction that gives a general overview of the religion, and a dictionary with several hundred entries, which present the gurus and other leaders, trace the rather complex history, expound some of the precepts and concepts, describe many of the rites and rituals, and explain the meaning of numerous related expressions. All this, along with a bibliography, provides readers with an informative and accessible quide toward understanding Sikhism.

history of sikhism punjab: International Bibliography of Sikh Studies Rajwant Singh Chilana, 2006-01-16 The International Bibliography of Sikh Studies brings together all books, composite works, journal articles, conference proceedings, theses, dissertations, project reports, and electronic resources produced in the field of Sikh Studies until June 2004, making it the most complete and up-to-date reference work in the field today. One of the youngest religions of the world, Sikhism has progressively attracted attention on a global scale in recent decades. An increasing number of scholars is exploring the culture, history, politics, and religion of the Sikhs. The growing interest in Sikh Studies has resulted in an avalanche of literature, which is now for the first time brought together in the International Bibliography of Sikh Studies. This monumental work lists over 10,000 English-language publications under almost 30 subheadings, each representing a subfield in Sikh Studies. The Bibliography contains sections on a wide variety of subjects, such as Sikh gurus, Sikh philosophy, Sikh politics and Sikh religion. Furthermore, the encyclopedia presents an annotated survey of all major scholarly work on Sikhism, and a selective listing of electronic and web-based resources in the field. Author and subject indices are appended for the reader's convenience.

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history of sikhism punjab: Sikhs DK, 2023-04-25 Dive into the history, the philosophy, the essence of the Sikh faith, and trace its evolution. At the turn of the 15th century, Guru Nanak embarked on a series of journeys across the Indian subcontinent and instituted an equitable community and an egalitarian religion, built upon the values of inclusion, service, and kindness. Sikhs throws a spotlight on this incredible faith that places service before self. Today, it is the fifth largest religion in the world with over 30 million Sikhs across the globe. The book explores the gurus, the scriptures, the philosophy, and stories and legends. It explains how a faith led to the birth of a historic empire of immense military and political might, maps the emergence of a distinct identity, looks at its impact on the world today, and celebrates the contributions of this illustrious community.

history of sikhism punjab: Muslims under Sikh Rule in the Nineteenth Century Robina Yasmin, 2022-01-13 Though the history of Sikh-Muslim relations is fraught with conflict, this book examines how the policies of Sikh rulers attempted to avoid religious bigotry and prejudice at a time when Muslims were treated as third-class citizens. Focusing on the socio-economic, political and religious condition of Muslims under Sikh rule in the Punjab during the 19th century, this book demonstrates that Maharaja Ranjit Singh and his successors took a secular approach towards their subjects. Using various archival sources, including the Fakir Khana Family archives and the Punjab Archives, the author argues citizens had freedom to practice their religion, with equal access to employment, education and justice.

history of sikhism punjab: History of the Punjab, 1846

history of sikhism punjab: A Dictionary of Sikh Studies Pashaura Singh, 2019-04-18 This new dictionary provides over 350 accessible definitions of the terms that the growing number of students of Sikhism will encounter. It covers beliefs, practices, festivals, sacred sites, and principal languages, as well as the social and religious processes through which Sikhism has evolved. A major focus is the teachings of the founder of Sikhism, Guru Nanak, and doctrinal developments under subsequent Gurus. Incorporating the 500-year history of Sikhism, from its birth in northern India to its more recent spread around the world, it covers the interplay between the Sikh tradition and other religious traditions including Hindu and Sufi. It is an invaluable first reference for students and teachers of Sikhism, religious studies, South Asian studies, and philosophy, as well as the related disciplines of history, sociology, and anthropology as well as for all practicing Sikhs and anyone with an interest in Sikh religion and culture.

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history of sikhism punjab: The Sikhs Thursby, 2023-07-10 The Sikhs is a photographic study of the religious practices of contemporary Sikh people in Delhi and the Punjab region of northern India. Sixty-six photographs comprise the 'visual text' for this contribution to the Iconography of Religions series. They depict traditional sites and places of worship, major festivals, rites of the life cycle, symbols of Khalsa membership and artistic representations of great martyrs and the Sikh spiritual masters. The photographic subjects are documented in a catalogue of illustrations, and

information needed to appreciate their historical background and current significance is provided in an introductory essay. The aim is to present, in terms acceptable to Sikhs and non-Sikhs alike, characteristic aspects of present-day Sikh religious life. This phenomenological approach is organized along patterns provided by Sikh concepts, and so far as possible it places emphasis on positive points of contact between proponents of Sikh faith and practitioners of modern critical scholarship.

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